

§ 1050.52

(1) Combine the total nonfat dry milk production for the States of Minnesota and Wisconsin, as reported by the Department, for the most recent preceding period, and divide by the annual yield factor for nonfat dry milk, 8.07, to determine the quantity (in hundredweights) of milk used in the production of butter-nonfat dry milk; and

(2) Combine the total American cheese production for the States of Minnesota and Wisconsin, as reported by the Department, for the most recent preceding period, and divide by the annual yield factor for Cheddar cheese, 9.87, to determine the quantity (in hundredweights) of milk used in the production of American cheese.

(e) Compute a weighted average of the changes in gross values per hundredweight of milk determined pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section in accordance with the relative proportions of milk determined pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section.

[60 FR 18966, Apr. 14, 1995]

§ 1050.52 Plant location adjustments for handlers.

(a) The Class I price for producer milk at a plant located outside the State of Illinois or in the State of Illinois but north of the northernmost boundaries of the counties of Mercer, Henry, Bureau, La Salle, Grundy, and Kankakee shall be reduced 10 cents if such plant is 50 miles or more from the City Hall in Peoria, Illinois, plus an additional 2.0 cents for each 10 miles or fraction thereof that such distance exceeds 60 miles. Distances applied pursuant to this paragraph shall be the shortest hard-surfaced highway distances as determined by the market administrator from the latest Mileage Guide as published by the Household Goods Carrier's Bureau.

(b) For purposes of calculating such adjustment, bulk transfers between pool plants shall be assigned Class I disposition at the transferee-plant only to the extent that 105 percent of Class I disposition at the transferee-plant exceeds the sum of receipts at such plant from producers and cooperative associations pursuant to § 1050.9(c), and the volume assigned as Class I to receipts from other order plants and unregu-

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lated supply plants; such assignment to be made first to transferor-plants at which no location adjustment credit is applicable and then in sequence beginning with the plant at which the least location adjustment would apply.

(c) The Class I price applicable to other source milk shall be adjusted at the rates set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, except that the adjusted Class I price shall not be less than the Class III price.

[39 FR 15448, May 3, 1974, as amended at 52 FR 3415, Feb. 4, 1987]

§ 1050.53 Announcement of class prices.

The market administrator shall announce publicly on or before the fifth day of each month the Class I price and the Class II price for the following month, and the Class III price for the preceding month.

[60 FR 6610, Feb. 2, 1995]

§ 1050.54 Equivalent price.

If for any reason a price quotation required by this part for computing class prices or for other purposes is not available in the manner described, the market administrator shall use a price determined by the Secretary to be equivalent to the price which is required.

UNIFORM PRICE

§ 1050.60 Handler's value of milk for computing uniform price.

For the purpose of computing the uniform price, the market administrator shall determine for each month the value of milk of each handler with respect to each of his pool plants and of each handler described in § 1050.9 (b) and (c) as follows:

(a) Multiply the pounds of producer milk in each class as determined pursuant to § 1050.44 by the applicable class prices and add the resulting amounts;

(b) Add the amounts obtained from multiplying the pounds of overage subtracted from each class pursuant to § 1050.44(a)(14) and the corresponding step of § 1050.44(b) by the respective class prices, as adjusted by the butterfat differential specified in § 1050.74, that are applicable at the location of the pool plant;

(c) Add the amount obtained from multiplying the difference between the Class III price for the preceding month and the Class I price applicable at the location of the pool plant or the Class II price, as the case may be, for the current month by the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I and Class II pursuant to § 1050.44(a)(9) and the corresponding step of § 1050.44(b);

(d) Add the amount obtained from multiplying the difference between the Class I price applicable at the location of the pool plant and the Class III price by the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat assigned to Class I pursuant to § 1050.43(d) and the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to § 1050.44(a)(7) (i) through (iv) and the corresponding step of § 1050.44(b), excluding receipts of bulk fluid cream products from an other order plant and bulk concentrated fluid milk products from pool plants, other order plants and unregulated supply plants;

(e) Add the amount obtained from multiplying the difference between the Class I price applicable at the location of the transferor-plant and the Class III price by the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to § 1050.44(a)(7) (v) and (vi) and the corresponding step of § 1050.44(b);

(f) Add the amount obtained from multiplying the Class I price applicable at the location of the nearest unregulated supply plants from which an equivalent volume was received by the pounds of skim milk and butterfat in receipts of concentrated fluid milk products assigned to Class I pursuant to § 1050.43(d) and § 1050.44(a)(7)(i) and the pounds of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to § 1050.44(a)(11) and the corresponding steps of § 1050.44(b), excluding such skim milk and butterfat in receipts of bulk fluid milk products from an unregulated supply plant to the extent that an equivalent amount of skim milk or butterfat disposed of to such plant by handlers fully regulated under any Federal milk order is classified and priced as Class I milk and is not used as an offset for any other payment obligation under any order;

(g) Subtract, for reconstituted milk made from receipts of nonfluid milk products, an amount computed by multiplying \$1.00 (but not more than the difference between the Class I price applicable at the location of the pool plant and the Class III price) by the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat contained in receipts of nonfluid milk products that are allocated to Class I use pursuant to § 1050.43(d);

(h) Exclude, for pricing purposes under this section, receipts of nonfluid milk products that are distributed as labeled reconstituted milk for which payments are made to the producer-settlement fund of another order under § 1050.76 (a)(5) or (c); and

(i) For pool plants that transfer bulk concentrated fluid milk products to other pool plants and other order plants, add or subtract the amount per hundredweight of any class price change from the previous month that results from any inventory reclassification of bulk concentrated fluid milk products that occurs at the transferee plant. Any such applicable class price change shall be applied to the plant that used the concentrated milk in the event that the concentrated fluid milk products were made from bulk unconcentrated fluid milk products received at the plant during the prior month.

[39 FR 15448, May 3, 1974, as amended at 58 FR 27845, May 11, 1993]

§ 1050.61 Computation of uniform price (including weighted average price).

For each month the market administrator shall compute the uniform price per hundredweight of milk of 3.5 percent butterfat content which is received from producers at plants at which no location adjustment pursuant to § 1050.52 is applicable as follows:

(a) Combine into one total the values computed pursuant to § 1050.60 for all handlers who filed the reports prescribed by § 1050.30 for the month and who made the payments pursuant to § 1050.71 for the preceding month;

(b) Add an amount equal to the sum of the location and zone adjustments computed pursuant to § 1050.75;